

Central York County Connections Study

March 29, 2011 Public Informational Meeting





Agenda

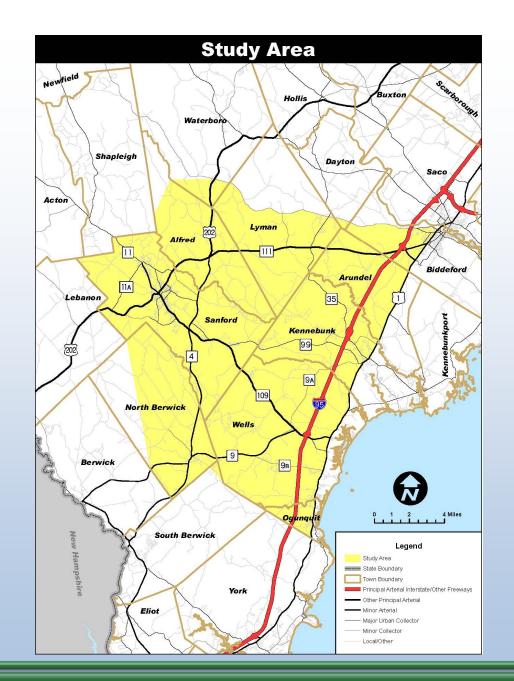
- Welcome
- Study Overview and Timeline
- Purpose and Need Statement
- Phase II Major Strategies and Evaluation
- Discussion
- Potential Phase III Locally Focused Strategies
- Next Steps

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Study Area

- Alfred
- Arundel
- Biddeford
- Kennebunk
- Ogunquit
- Lyman
- North Berwick
- Sanford
- Waterboro
- Wells







What is the Study's Purpose?

The purpose of the Central York County Connections Study is to identify, evaluate and recommend feasible transportation and related land use strategies that will:

- enhance regional economic growth;
- increase regional transportation interconnectivity;
- improve traffic safety;
- direct expected travel demand through a strong mix of multimodal strategies; and

• preserve and improve existing infrastructure.

These purposes are to be achieved while striving to maintain the visual, cultural and historic character of village centers and rural areas and minimizing environmental impacts.

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Study Timeline

- Study Initiation Sept. 2010
- Development and Evaluation of Major Conceptual Strategies (Phase II) Nov. 2010 – Feb 2011
- Refinement and Detailed Assessment of Strategies (Phase III) March 2011 – July 2012
- Recommendations and Study Completion
 August 2012





Study Committees and Website

- Study Team: Consultants, MaineDOT, MTA, SMRPC
 - Manage and conduct study
- Steering Committee: Ten communities in Study Area
 - Inform Study process by local understanding and regional perspective
 - Update municipal officials
- Advisory Committee: Diverse interest groups
 - Voice of the public

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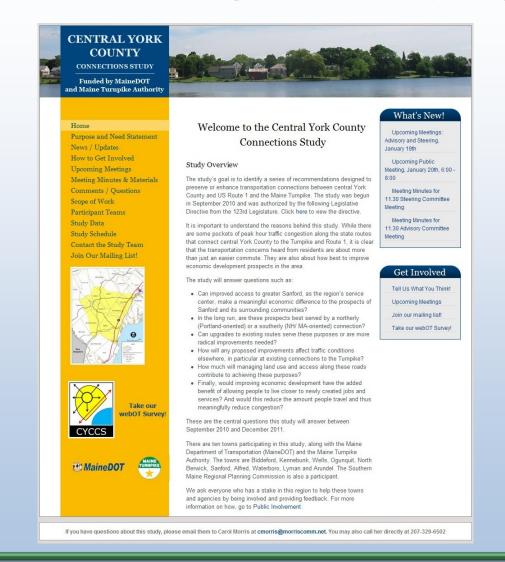
Update constituents

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Study Website

www.connectingyorkcounty.org



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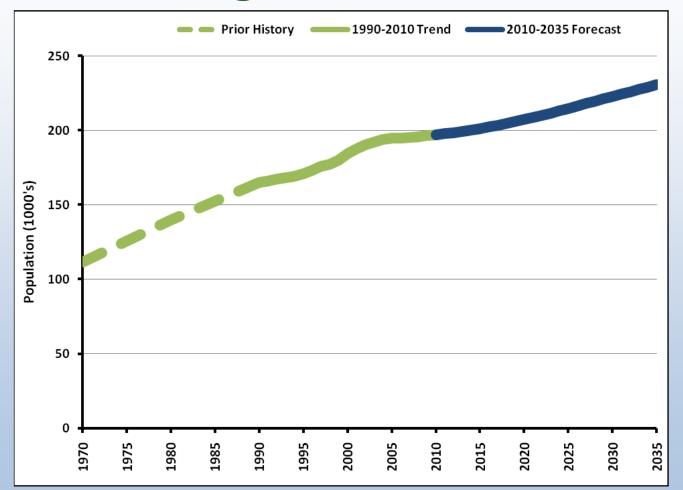
Today's Goals

- Public understanding of benefits and impacts of the major highway strategies
- Discussion of major highway strategies and their feasibility
- Public understanding of other locally focused strategies and next steps





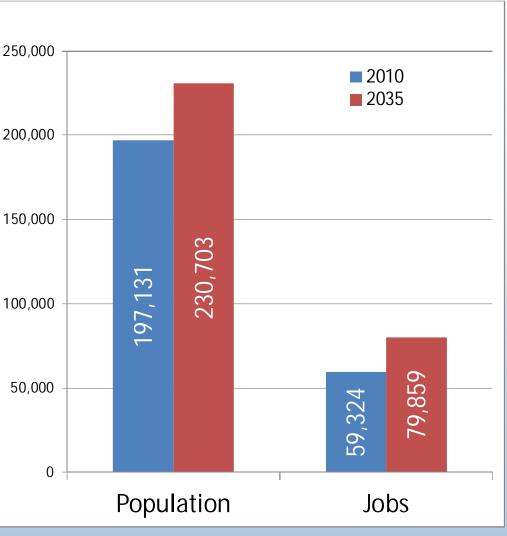
Population and jobs will continue to grow



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York County Population and jobs will continue to grow..... by 17% and 35% respectively

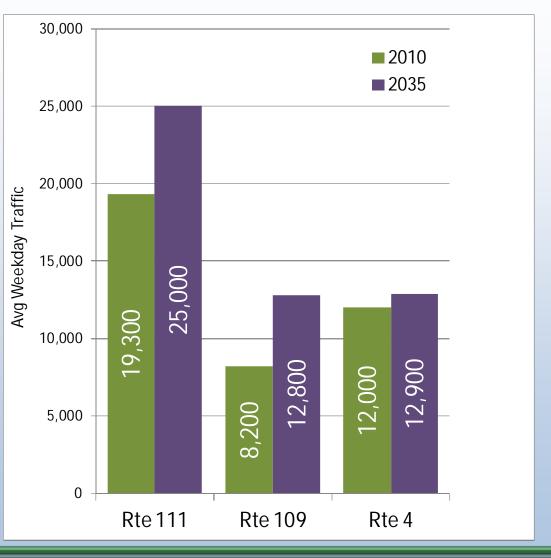






...and lead to more traffic

- Total Vehicle-Miles Traveled (VMT) increase by 29%
- 30% increase in traffic on Rte 111
- 56% increase in traffic on Rte 109



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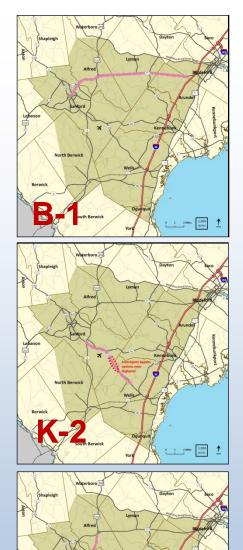


A Unique Study Process

- First studied very large-scale, conceptual highway strategies (Phase II)
 - "What if" scenario analysis to test upper limits of potential benefits and impacts.
 - Needed to understand potential contribution to regional economy.
- Next will consider specific problems and solutions at a more focused level (Phase III)
 - Consider improvements of a smaller, more local scale.







But

1,000 acres







Regional Strategies

- Improved/Upgraded Highway
 New At-grade Highway
 - New Controlled Access Highway Interchange (Controlled Access)

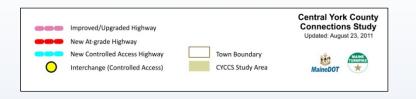
Town Boundary CYCCS Study Area MaineDOT

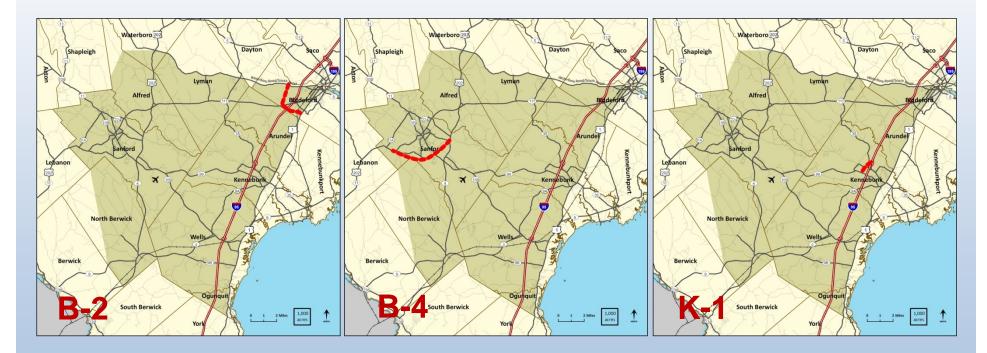




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Local Strategies





How the Strategies were Evaluated

| MOE Name | Measure |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Economic Benefit | Potential job creation Change in regional economic activity (dollars) |
| Cost | Approximate (planning-level) cost of strategy |
| Benefit/Cost | Ratio of projected benefits to costs |
| Daily Traffic Volumes | Change in corridor/screenline volumes VMT (vehicle miles traveled) Effect on traffic at congested locations |
| Travel Times and Delay | Projected travel times between key origins and destinations VHT (vehicle hours of travel) |
| Traffic Safety | High Crash Locations addressed by strategy Potential change in crash frequency |
| Transit Operations and Access | Potential effect on existing transit services |
| Rural and Urban Character | Rural lands in the corridor Town centers and historic sites in the corridor |
| Environmental Constraints | Wetlands and regulated features in the corridor that would need to be avoided |





MOE Ratings

| | | Cost | Benefit/ Cost | Economic Benefit | Daily Traffic Volumes | Travel Times and Delay | Traffic Safety | Transit Ops. & Access | Rural and Urban Character | Environ- mental |
|---------------------|---|------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| Regional Strategies | | | | | | | | | - | |
| B-1 | Upgrade Rte 111/202 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | • | • |
| B-3 | Upgrade Route 111/202 with add'l Turnpike access and connections | 0 | • | • | • | • | • | • | 0 | • |
| B-5 | Biddeford Expressway (South) | 0 | • | • | • | • | • | • | 0 | 0 |
| B-6 | Biddeford Expressway (North) | 0 | • | • | • | • | • | • | 0 | 0 |
| K-2 | Upgrade Rte 109 | • | 0 | 0 | • | O | O | • | • | |
| К-З | Kennebunk Expressway | 0 | • | • | • | • | • | • | 0 | \bullet |
| NB-1 | Upgrade Rte 4 and New North Berwick Bypass | • | 0 | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | • |
| NB-2 | Upgrade Rte 4 and New North Berwick – Maine Tpk/Ogunquit Hwy | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | O | O | • | O | • |
| NB-3 | Ogunquit Expressway | 0 | 0 | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | • | 0 | • |
| Local Strateg | | | | | | | | | _ | 100 mm 100 mm |
| B-2 | New Biddeford Highway Connections | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | • | | • |
| B-4 | Southern Sanford Bypass | • | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | • | | • |
| K-1 | Rte 99 - Rte 35 Connection | • | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | O | 0 | • | • |

Measure of Effectiveness: Benefit/Cost Analysis

- Benefits Considered
 - State of Good Repair (Reduced pavement damage)
 - Economic Competitiveness (Travel time savings, reduced users' costs [fuel, operating & maintenance] and oil imports)
 - Livability (Reduced noise)
 - Sustainability (Reduced emissions)
 - Safety (Crash reduction)





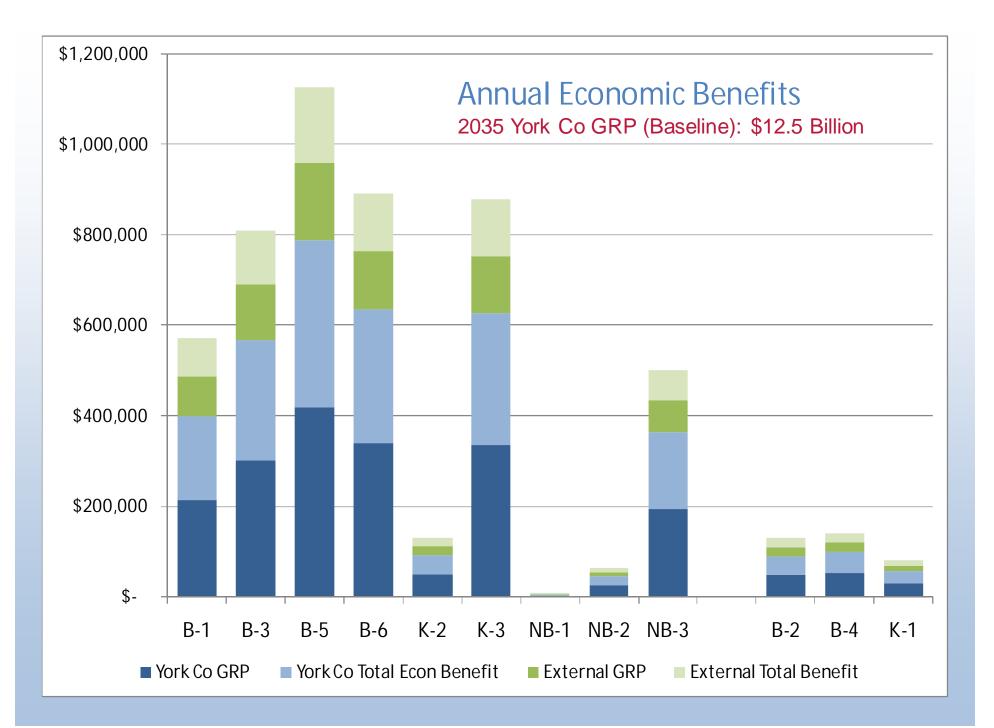
| Benef | fit/Cost Analysis | Total Net Benefits | Total Net Costs (Construction + R&R) | Benefit/Cost Ratio |
|-----------|--|--------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Regional | Corridors | | | |
| B-1 | Upgrade Rte 111/202 | \$ 114 M | \$83 M | 1.4 |
| B-3 | Upgrade Route 111/202 with Add'l or Turnpike access and connections | \$ 171 M | \$135 M | 1.3 |
| B-5 | Biddeford Expressway (South) | \$ 152 M | \$256 M | 0.6 |
| B-6 | Biddeford Expressway (North) | \$ 233 M | \$365 M | 0.6 |
| K-2 | Upgrade Rte 109 | \$ 15 M | \$32 M | 0.5 |
| K-3 | Kennebunk Expressway | \$ 206 M | \$199 M | 1.0 |
| NB-1 | Upgrade Rte 4 and New North Berwick Bypass | Negative Net Benefits | \$33 M | N/A |
| NB-2 | Upgrade Rte 4 and New North Berwick – Maine Turnpike/Ogunquit Highway | Negative Net Benefits | \$97 M | N/A |
| NB-3 | Ogunquit Expressway | Negative Net Benefits | \$293 M | N/A |
| Local Str | rategies | | | |
| B-2 | New Biddeford Highway Connections | \$ 40 M | \$21 M | 1.8 |
| B-4 | Southern Sanford Bypass | \$ 31 M | \$26 M | 1.3 |
| K-1 | Rte 99 – Rte 35 Connection | \$ 30 M | \$11 M | 2.7 |

Measure of Effectiveness: Economic Impacts

- PRISM
 - Measures new economic production drawn to the region as a result of transportation investments.
 - Estimates "Regional Economic Impacts"
 - Gross Regional Product value of all goods and services generated in a region.
 - Effects of monies recirculating through the regional economy
 - Jobs created

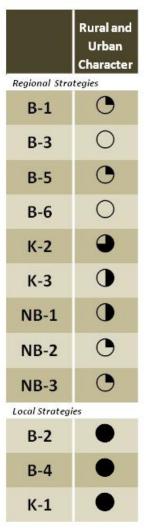






Impact to Rural and Urban Character

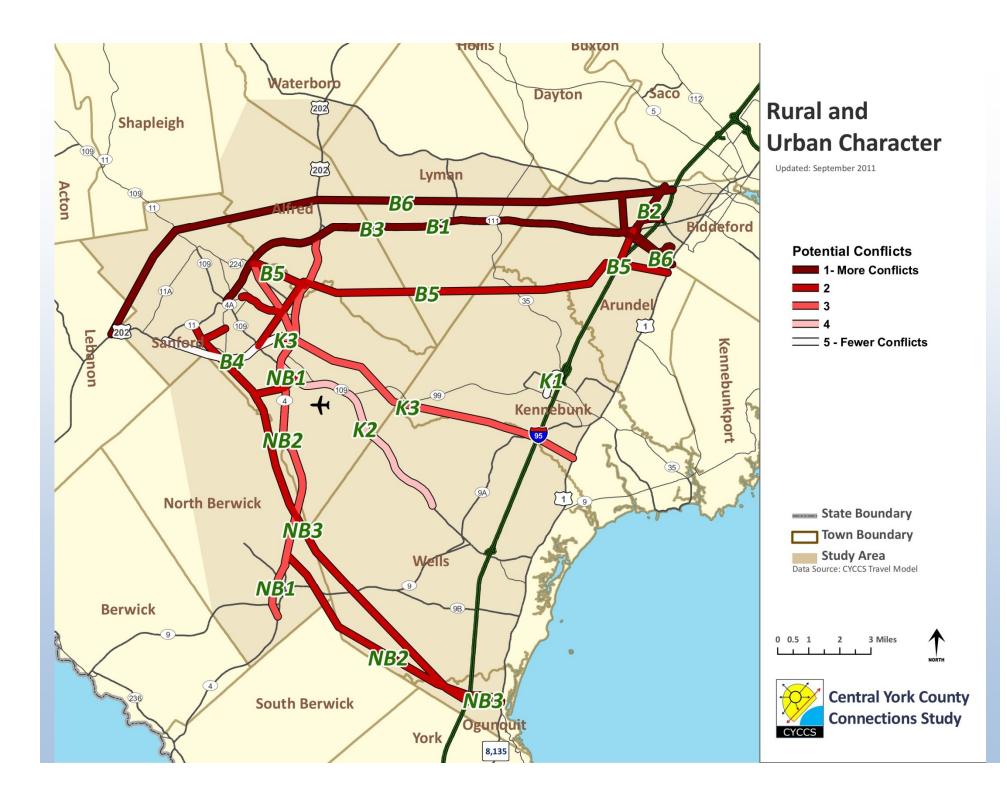
- New corridors largely affect rural lands
- Upgrades potentially affect properties fronting on existing corridors, including historic sites and town centers
- Biddeford Corridor has the greatest amount of affected land (rural and urban)
- Route 109 Upgrade's (K-2) score reflects bypass completely around High Pine





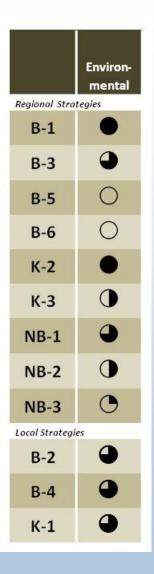
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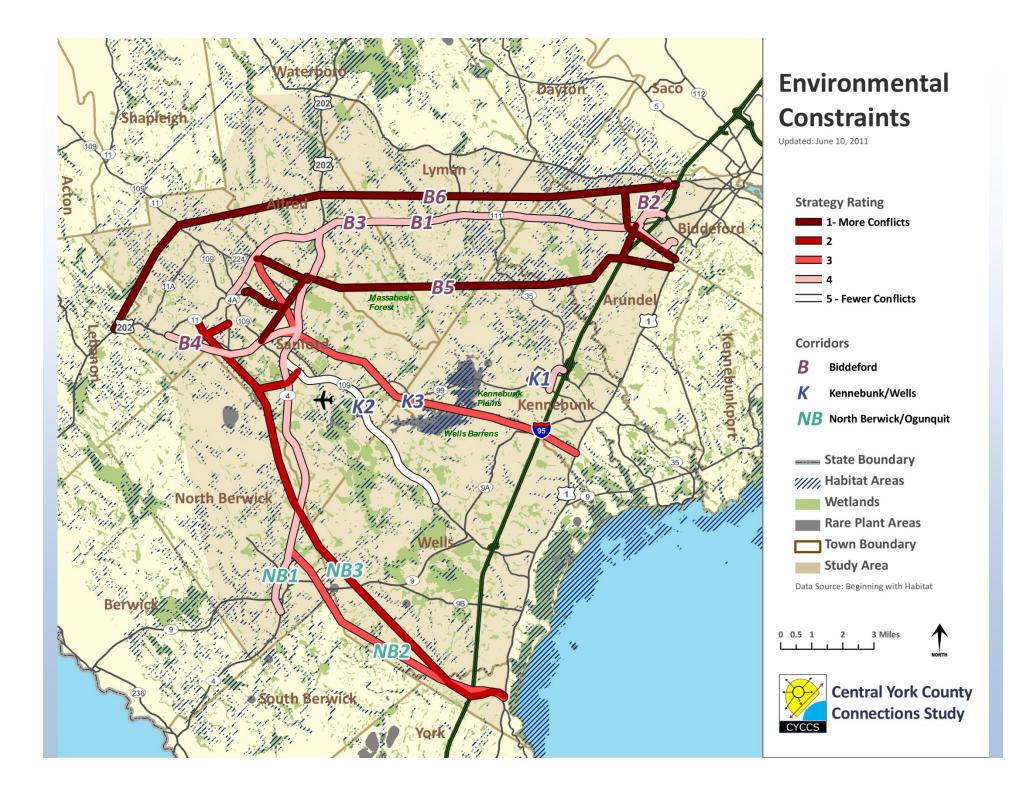
Measure of Effectiveness: Environmental Constraints

- Upgrades have fewer constraints because the rights-of-way have previously been developed
- New Expressways in the Biddeford Corridor (B-5, B-6) traverse the most land with regulated resources









← Worse Score →
Better Score →
●
●
●
●
●
●
●

MOE Ratings - Discuss

| | | Cost | Benefit/ Cost | Economic Benefit | Daily Traffic Volumes | Travel Times and Delay | Traffic Safety | Transit Ops. & Access | Rural and Urban Character | Environ- mental |
|---------------------|---|------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| Regional Strategies | | | | | | | | | | |
| B-1 | Upgrade Rte 111/202 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | • |
| B-3 | Upgrade Route 111/202 with add'l Turnpike access and connections | 0 | • | • | • | • | • | • | 0 | • |
| B-5 | Biddeford Expressway (South) | 0 | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | 0 |
| B-6 | Biddeford Expressway (North) | 0 | O | • | • | • | • | • | 0 | 0 |
| K-2 | Upgrade Rte 109 | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | O | O | • | • | |
| K-3 | Kennebunk Expressway | 0 | • | • | • | • | • | • | 0 | • |
| NB-1 | Upgrade Rte 4 and New North Berwick Bypass | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | • |
| NB-2 | Upgrade Rte 4 and New North Berwick – Maine Tpk/Ogunquit Hwy | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | • | 0 | 0 |
| NB-3 | Ogunquit Expressway | 0 | 0 | 0 | • | O | 0 | • | • | 0 |
| Local Strateg | | | | | | | | | | N. magazine |
| B-2 | New Biddeford Highway Connections | • | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | • | • | • |
| B-4 | Southern Sanford Bypass | • | • | 0 | 0 | O | 0 | • | | • |
| K-1 | Rte 99 - Rte 35 Connection | • | | 0 | 0 | O | 0 | 0 | | • |

Consensus on Further Study for Highway Strategies

| | | | Advisory Committee | Steering Committee | MaineDOT/MTA | | |
|------|------------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--|--|
| | Regional Strate | gies | | | | | |
| | B-1 | Upgrade Rte 111/202 | \checkmark | \checkmark | Modified | | |
| | B-3 | Upgrade Route 111/202 with add'I Turnpike access and connections | \checkmark | \checkmark | Modified | | |
| | B-5 | Expressway (South) | | | | | |
| | B-6 | Expressway (North) | | | | | |
| | K-2 | Upgrade Rte 109 | | | | | |
| | K-3 | Kennebunk Expressway | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | |
| | NB-1 | Upgrade Rte 4 and New North Berwick Bypass | | | | | |
| | NB-2 | Upgrade Rte 4 and New – | | | | | |
| | NB-3 | Ogunquit Expressway | | | | | |
| | Local Strategies | 5 | | | | | |
| | B-2 | Biddeford New Connections | Further investigate in Phase III | | | | |
| | B-4 | Sanford Bypass | Further investigate in Phase III | | | | |
|) N. | K-1 | Rte 99 – Rte 35 Connection | Further investigate in Phase III | | | | |

HOF

CYCCS: Phase III Discussion

- Additional work to identify areas of focus:
 - Update and investigate safety issues.
 - LOS analysis for major segments and intersections.
 - Input from SC, AC and public.





Possible Phase III Strategies

- Highway improvements
 - Intersection improvements
 - Passing lanes or other capacity improvements
 - Safety projects
 - Local strategies initially investigated in Phase II
- Land use and access management
 approaches





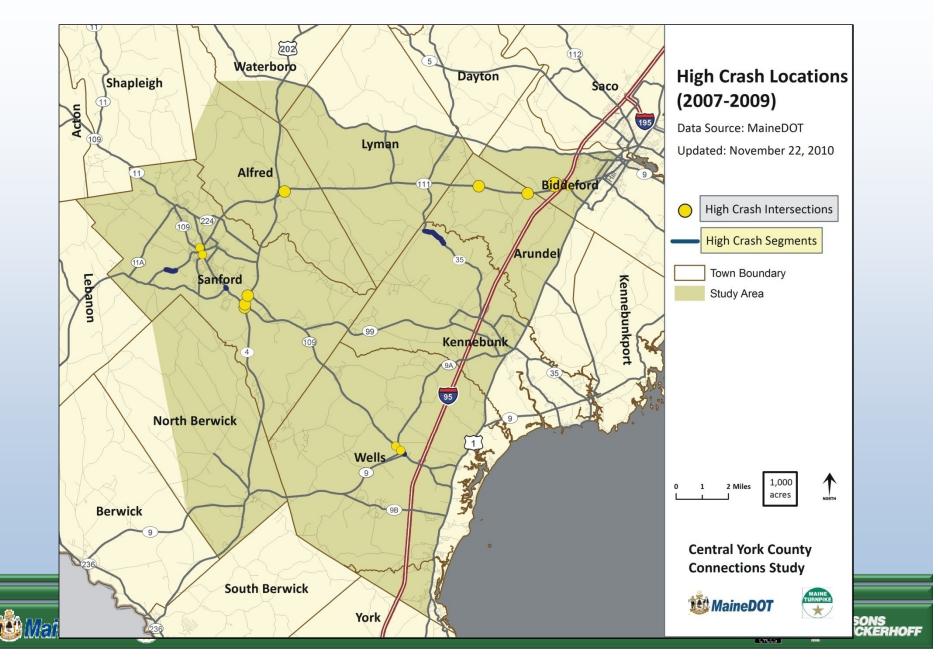
Possible Phase III Strategies

- Transportation Systems Management (TSM)
 - Traffic signal upgrades, roundabouts, improved signage.
- Multimodal, Travel Demand Management (TDM), and Transit
 - Improvements to enhance and support transit services.
 - Opportunities to leverage rideshare and TDM programs.
 - Improve walkability/bikability through design.

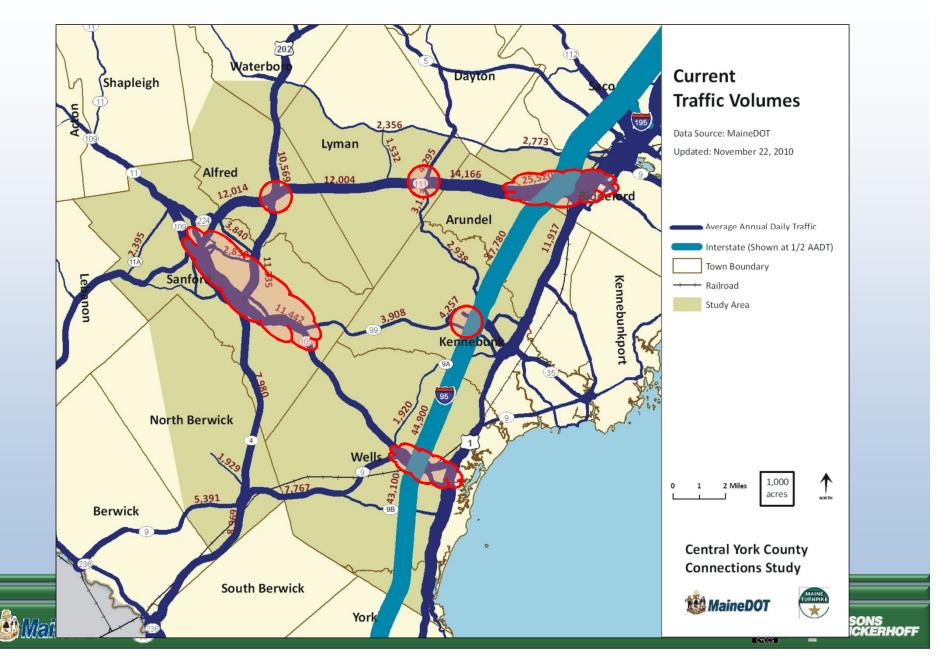




Potential Focus Areas –Safety



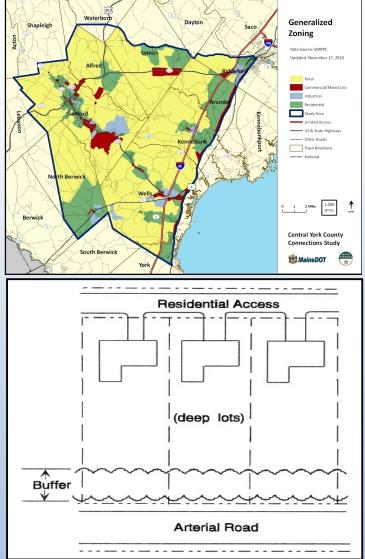
Potential Focus Areas – High Traffic Areas



Potential Land Use and Access Management Strategies

Options for Towns to Consider

- Through zoning regulations, reduce the number of new trips generated
- Provide direct access to streets other than the primary highway
- Improve parcel interconnectivity and local circulation
- Manage the number and operation of commercial and residential driveways



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Potential Land Use and Access Management Strategies–Major Thoroughfare Plan

- Limited use in Maine but powerful tool lacksquare
- Community identifies where new roads are needed
- To provide access or connect network
- Community lays out general location
- Developments required to:
 - Protect the right-of-way
 - Build the segment of the road





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Next Steps

- Resolution of recommendations for Regional
 Strategies
- Develop recommendations for Local Strategies
- Final Public Meeting July 2012



